We claim:

- A method of inhibiting growth of a microsatellite instability (MSI)-positive tumor, comprising introducing into said tumor a nucleic acid
 molecule encoding a RIZ1 polypeptide, and expressing said polypeptide in said tumor in an effective amount to inhibit growth of said tumor.
- The method of claim 1, wherein said tumor contains cells having an abnormal number of adenosine
 nucleotides in a RIZ poly(A) tract.
 - 3. The method of claim 2, wherein said poly(A) tract is the RIZ (A) $_{8}$ tract.
 - 4. The method of claim 2, wherein said poly(A) tract is the RIZ (A) $_{9}$ tract.
- 5. The method of claim 2, wherein said abnormal number of adenosine residues is an increased number.
- 6. The method of claim 2, wherein said abnormal number of adenosine residues is a decreased number.
 - 7. The method of claim 1, wherein expression of RIZ1 in said tumor induces apoptosis.
- 8. The method of claim 1, wherein said RIZ1 polypeptide comprises a PR domain amino acid sequence at least 95% identical to SEQ ID NO:5.

- 9. The method of claim 8, wherein said RIZ1 polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO:5.
- 10. The method of claim 1, wherein said RIZ1 polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence at least 80% identical to SEQ ID NO:4.
 - 11. The method of claim 10, wherein said RIZ1 polypeptide comprises SEQ ID NO:4.
 - 12. The method of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is contained in a viral vector.
- 13. The method of claim 12, wherein said viral vector is an adenoviral vector.
 - 14. The method of claim 1, wherein said nucleic acid molecule is administered intra- or peritumorally.
- 15. The method of claim 1, wherein said MSI-positive tumor is selected from the group consisting of a colorectal tumor, a gastric tumor and an endometrial tumor.
- 16. The method of claim 15, wherein said MSI-20 positive tumor is a hereditary nonpolyposis colon carcinoma.

- 17. A method of determining MSI status of a tumor, comprising determining in said tumor the number of adenosine (A) nucleotides in a poly(A) tract of a RIZ nucleic acid molecule in said tumor, wherein an abnormal number of adenosine nucleotides in said RIZ poly(A) tract indicates that the tumor is MSI-positive.
 - 18. The method of claim 17, wherein said poly(A) tract is a RIZ (A) $_8$ tract.
- 19. The method of claim 17, wherein said 10 poly(A) tract is a RIZ (A), tract.
 - 20. The method of claim 17, wherein said abnormal number of adenosine residues is an increased number.
- 21. The method of claim 17, wherein said 15 abnormal number of adenosine residues is a decreased number.
 - 22. The method of claim 17, wherein said tumor is selected from the group consisting of a colorectal tumor, a gastric tumor and an endometrial tumor.
- 23. The method of claim 22, wherein said tumor is a hereditary nonpolyposis colon carcinoma.